

How to develop a proper intervention logic?

Cooperation Programme Interreg V-A Slovenia-Hungary 2014-2020

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...az ismétlődés a változás memóriája... ...repetition is the memory of change...

/Turczi István: A változás memóriája/





Novelties (still not fully understood)

- New intervention logic compared to the programme period 2007-2013
- New type of indicators (result indicator, output indicator)
- New monitoring system eMS
- Communication Workpackage (com objectives, approaches)
 - (communication





General contentwise mistakes - Part I.

- Not the appropriate Priority Axis was chosen
- Instead of facts general descriptions are written in the Application Form (efficient use of the available characters)
- Not the question of the respective part of the application form was answered
- The project does not make use of available knowledge of previous projects
- if it makes use of the knowledge there is no description provided about how





General contentwise mistakes - Part II.

- There is no coherence between project objectives and proposed activities
- Descriptions of unnecessary activities and deliverables make the application bloated
- Positive contribution to horizontal principles is often misunderstood
- The Communication Workpackage, the communication objectives and approaches are not well prepared
- The project budget is oversimplified, or it is over-particular and therefore fragmanted





Contentwise mistakes in projects submitted under Priority Axis 2 - Part I.

- The proposed project can be implemented on national level, there is no or only a slight cross-border relevance of the identified problem/challenge and the related planned solution
- The activities and related costs are tailored to the amount of the maximum ERDF contribution, albeit the activities should be planned to achieve the set project objectives with a realistic budget based on previous market research
- The result and objectives of the project are not clearly linked to the result indicator and objective of the Priority Axis
- The achieved results of previous projects are not upgraded





Contentwise mistakes in projects submitted under Priority Axis 2 - Part II.

- The project does not make use of available knowledge of previous projects, if it makes use of the knowledge there is no description provided about how, only a short hint is made concerning the previous projects
- The results and activities of the project are not extended to organisations beyond partnership, no multiplicator effect, no added value to the programme area
- The sustainment of the extended results to the programme is not demonstrated only the sustainment of results on the partner-level
- Approaches and tools of reaching the wider target groups are not demonstrated





Connection between project and Programme - Part I.

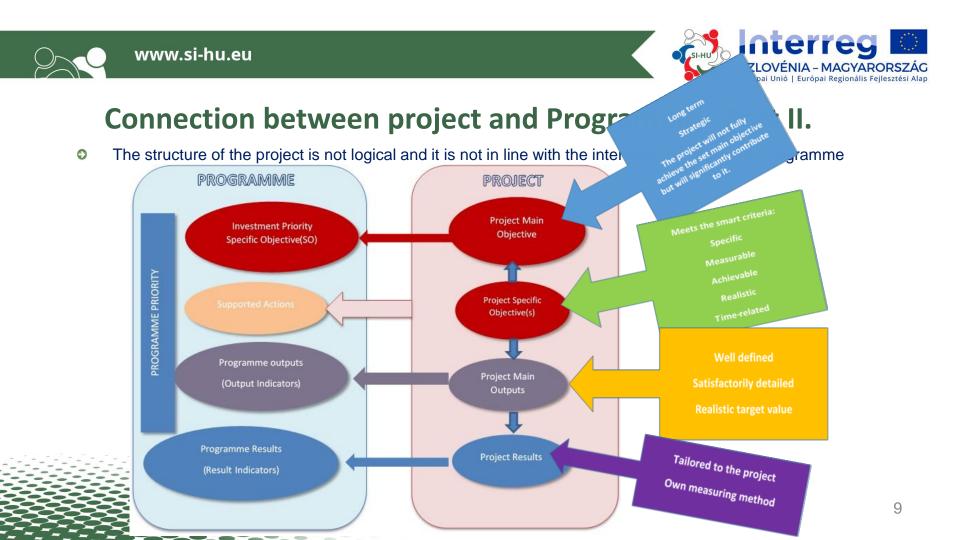
1. The identified problem/need:

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- Should be common or identic, or typical for both countries
- could be solved more efficiently in CBC than in a national way/project
- has to be well introduced/defined or justified
- has to be reflected in the workplan/activities of the project, not only in the descriptive part

2. The coherence between the descriptive part of the project and budget and/or workplan has to be elaborated

3. The project should plan to use/upgrade results and achievements of projects implemented in the previous programming period







Maximums are not a must

- Setting max. 3 Project Specific Objectives
- Having max. 36 Months duration
- Budgeting max. 350 000 Euros
- Using all available signs for setting objectives





Bad/good practice I. – Main Objective

Use of renewable energy sources

Upgrading the level of use of renewable energy for mobility through joint planning and networking of relevant actors





Bad/good practice II. – Project Specific Objective(s)

Enhancing the labour market position of vulnerable groups Developing tools to enhance the labour market position of longterm unemployed people





Bad/good practice III. – Main Outputs

Actors involved in cross-border network

Educational institutions participating in crossborder vocational education network





Bad/good practice IV. – Main Results

Increasing the level of cross-border cooperation

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Educational network based on a CB agreement/protocol which sets the rules for further operation:

- Meetings at least 4 times a year, after project end,
- sustainment of project results and outputs
- extension of partnership, etc.

Number of participating institutions till project end: 10



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Troubleshooting

- To ensure appropriate logical matching read the Cooperation Programme and all parts of the Implementation Handbook for Beneficiaries - before starting to write the application form
- Take the possibility of consultation offered by the Programme bodies before submission deadline
- Make a self-assessment based on the assessment matrix, with special attention paid to specific principles of the chosen investment priority
- Before submitting the application make someone proof-read the application who was not involved in writing the application in order to avoid precision mistakes and ensure better understanding! (It is important in both language versions!)
- Take the above mentioned steps always on time!!!



SUCCESS



Thank you for your attention!

